DR. A.P.J. ABDUL KALAM TECHNICAL UNIVERSITY LUCKNOW



Evaluation Scheme & Syllabus

For

B.Tech. 2nd Year

(Computer Science and Engineering/CS/CSIT)

On

AICTE Model Curriculum

(Effective from the Session: 2019-20)

DR. A.P.J. ABDUL KALAM TECHNICAL UNIVERSITY LUCKNOW

B.TECH (COMPUTER SCIENCE AND ENGINEERING)

SI. No.	Subject	Subject	P	erioo	ls	Ev	aluati	on Scher	ne	End Semester		Total	Credit
	Codes			Т	Р	СТ	ТА	Total	PS	ТЕ	PE		
1	KOE031- 38/ KAS302	Engineering Science Course/Maths IV	3	1	0	30	20	50		100		150	4
2	KAS301/	Technical Communication/Universal	2	1	0	30	20	50		100		150	3
	KVE 301	Human values	3	0	0								
3	KCS301	Data Structure	3	1	0	30	20	50		100		150	4
4	KCS302	Computer Organization and Architecture	3	1	0	30	20	50		100		150	4
5	KCS303	Discrete Structures & Theory of Logic	3	0	0	30	20	50		100		150	3
6	KCS351	Data Structures Using C Lab	0	0	2				25		25	50	1
7	KCS352	Computer Organization Lab	0	0	2				25		25	50	1
8	KCS353	Discrete Structure & Logic Lab	0	0	2				25		25	50	1
9	KCS354	Mini Project or Internship Assessment*	0	0	2			50				50	1
10	KNC301/ KNC302	Computer System Security/Python Programming	2	0	0	15	10	25		50			0
11		MOOCs (Essential for Hons. Degree)											
		Total										950	22
*The	Mini Projec	t or internship (3-4 weeks) conduc	ted d	luring sem	g sum ester	imer bi	reak af	ter II sem	lester	and wi	ll be a	ssessed d	luring III

SEMESTER- III

SI. No	Subject	Subject	Periods			Evaluation Scheme			End Semester		Total	Credit	
110.	Codes		L	Τ	P	СТ	TA	Total	PS	ТЕ	PE		-
1	KAS402/ KOE041- 48	Maths IV/Engg. Science Course	3	1	0	30	20	50		100		150	4
2	KVE401/	Universal Human Values/	3	0	0	20	20	50		100		150	2
2	KAS301	Technical Communication	2	1	0	30	20	50		100		150	3
3	KCS401	Operating Systems	3	0	0	30	20	50		100		150	3
4	KCS402	Theory of Automata and Formal Languages	3	1	0	30	20	50		100		150	4
5	KCS403	Microprocessor	3	1	0	30	20	50		100		150	4
6	KCS451	Operating Systems Lab	0	0	2				25		25	50	1
7	KCS452	Microprocessor Lab	0	0	2				25		25	50	1
8	KCS453	Python Language Programming Lab	0	0	2				25		25	50	1
9	KNC402/ KNC401	Python Programming/Computer System Security	2	0	0	15	10	25		50			0
10		MOOCs (Essential for Hons. Degree)		1	1		<u> </u>	1	<u> </u>	1	<u> </u>		
		Total	-									900	21

DR. A.P.J. ABDUL KALAM TECHNICAL UNIVERSITY LUCKNOW



EVALUATION SCHEME & SYLLABUS FOR B. TECH. THIRD YEAR

Computer Science Computer Engineering Computer Science and Engineering (Computer Science and Engineering/CS)

On

Choice Based Credit System

(Effective from the Session: 2020-21)

DR. A.P.J. ABDUL KALAM TECHNICAL UNIVERSITY, UTTAR PRADESH, LUCKNOW

B.TECH (COMPUTER SCIENCE & ENGINEERING/ COMPUTER SCIENCE) CURRICULUM STRUCTURE

			SEM	EST	FER	- V							
SI.	Subject	Subject	P	Periods Evaluation Scheme		End Semester		Total	Credit				
110.	Codes		L	Т	Р	СТ	ТА	Total	PS	ТЕ	PE		
1	KCS501	Database Management System	3	1	0	30	20	50		100		150	4
2	KCS502	Compiler Design	3	1	0	30	20	50		100		150	4
3	KCS503	Design and Analysis of Algorithm	3	1	0	30	20	50		100		150	4
4	Deptt. Elective-I	Departmental Elective-I	3	0	0	30	20	50		100		150	3
5	Deptt. Elective-II	Departmental Elective-II	3	0	0	30	20	50		100		150	3
6	KCS551	Database Management System Lab	0	0	2				25		25	50	1
7	KCS552	Compiler Design Lab	0	0	2				25		25	50	1
8	KCS553	Design and Analysis of Algorithm Lab	0	0	2				25		25	50	1
9	KCS554	Mini Project or Internship Assessment*	0	0	2				50			50	1
10	KNC501/ KNC502	Constitution of India, Law and Engineering / Indian Tradition, Culture and Society	2	0	0	15	10	25		50			
11		MOOCs (Essential for Hons. Degree)											
		Total	17	3	8							950	22
*The	e Mini Projec	ct or internship (4 weeks) conducte	ed dur V	ing s seme	summ ester.	ner bre	ak afte	er IV sen	nester	and w	vill be	assessed	l during

			SEM	EST	TER-	VI							
SI. No.	Subject	Subject	P	Periods Evaluation Schen		me	End Semester		Total	Credit			
	Codes		L	Т	Р	СТ	TA	Total	PS	TE	PE		
1	KCS601	Software Engineering	3	1	0	30	20	50		100		150	4
2	KCS602	Web Technology	3	1	0	30	20	50		100		150	4
3	KCS603	Computer Networks	3	1	0	30	20	50		100		150	4
4	Deptt. Elective-III	Departmental Elective-III	3	0	0	30	20	50		100		150	3
5		Open Elective-I [Annexure - B(iv)]	3	0	0	30	20	50		100		150	3
6	KCS651	Software Engineering Lab	0	0	2				25		25	50	1
7	KCS652	Web Technology Lab	0	0	2				25		25	50	1
8	KCS653	Computer Networks Lab	0	0	2				25		25	50	1
9	KNC601/ KNC602	Constitution of India, Law and Engineering / Indian Tradition, Culture and Society	2	0	0	15	10	25		50			
10		MOOCs (Essential for Hons. Degree)											
		Total	0	3	6							900	21

Departmental Elective-I

- 1. KCS-051 Data Analytics
- 2. KCS-052 Web Designing
- 3. KCS-053 Computer Graphics
- 4. KCS-054 Object Oriented System Design

Departmental Elective-II

- 1. KCS-055 Machine Learning Techniques
- 2. KCS-056 Application of Soft Computing
- 3. KCS-057 Augmented & Virtual Reality
- 4. KCS-058 Human Computer Interface

Departmental Elective-III

- 1. KCS-061 Big Data
- 2. KCS-062 Image Processing
- 3. KCS-063 Real Time Systems
- 4. KCS-064 Data Compression

B.TECH. (CSE & CS)

FIFTH SEMESTER (DETAILED SYLLABUS)

Г

	Database Management System (KCS501)					
	Course Outcome (CO) Bloom's Knowledge Lev	vel (KL)				
At the	end of course , the student will be able to:					
CO	Apply knowledge of database for real life applications.	K ₃				
CO	2 Apply query processing techniques to automate the real time problems of databases.	K ₃ , K ₄				
CO	3 Identify and solve the redundancy problem in database tables using normalization.	K ₂ , K ₃				
CO	Understand the concepts of transactions, their processing so they will familiar with broad range	K ₂ , K ₄				
of database management issues including data integrity, security and recovery.						
CO	CO 5 Design, develop and implement a small database project using database tools.					
DETAILED SYLLABUS						
Unit	Unit Topic					
		Lecture				
	Introduction: Overview, Database System vs File System, Database System Concept and					
т	Architecture, Data Model Schema and Instances, Data Independence and Database Language and					
	Interfaces, Data Definitions Language, DML, Overall Database Structure. Data Modeling Using the					
L	Entity Relationship Model: ER Model Concepts, Notation for ER Diagram, Mapping Constraints,	00				
	Keys, Concepts of Super Key, Candidate Key, Primary Key, Generalization, Aggregation,					
	Reduction of an ER Diagrams to Tables, Extended ER Model, Relationship of Higher Degree.					
	Relational data Model and Language: Relational Data Model Concepts, Integrity Constraints,					
	Entity Integrity, Referential Integrity, Keys Constraints, Domain Constraints, Relational Algebra,					
п	Relational Calculus, Tuple and Domain Calculus. Introduction on SQL: Characteristics of SQL,					
	Advantage of SQL. SQl Data Type and Literals. Types of SQL Commands. SQL Operators and	08				
	Their Procedure. Tables, Views and Indexes. Queries and Sub Queries. Aggregate Functions.					
	Insert, Update and Delete Operations, Joins, Unions, Intersection, Minus, Cursors, Triggers,					
	Procedures in SQL/PL SQL					
	Data Base Design & Normalization: Functional dependencies, normal forms, first, second, 8 third					
III	normal forms, BCNF, inclusion dependence, loss less join decompositions, normalization using					
	FD, MVD, and JDs, alternative approaches to database design					
	Transaction Processing Concept: Transaction System, Testing of Serializability, Serializability of					
IV	Schedules, Conflict & View Serializable Schedule, Recoverability, Recovery from Transaction	08				
1,	Failures, Log Based Recovery, Checkpoints, Deadlock Handling. Distributed Database: Distributed	00				
	Data Storage, Concurrency Control, Directory System.					
	Concurrency Control Techniques: Concurrency Control, Locking Techniques for Concurrency					
V	Control, Time Stamping Protocols for Concurrency Control, Validation Based Protocol, Multiple	08				
	Granularity, Multi Version Schemes, Recovery with Concurrent Transaction, Case Study of Oracle.					
Text be	boks:					
1.	Korth, Sılbertz, Sudarshan," Database Concepts", McGraw Hill					
2.	Date C J, "An Introduction to Database Systems", Addision Wesley					
3.	Elmasri, Navathe, "Fundamentals of Database Systems", Addision Wesley					
4.	O'Neil, Databases, Elsevier Pub.					
5.	RAMAKRISHNAN"Database Management Systems",McGraw Hill					
6. _	Leon & Leon,"Database Management Systems", Vıkas Publishing House					
7.	Bipin C. Desai, "An Introduction to Database Systems", Gagotia Publications					
8.	Majumdar & Bhattacharya, "Database Management System", TMH					

٦

	Compiler Design (KCS-502)								
	Course Outcome (CO) Bloom's Knowledge Lev	vel (KL)							
At the e	end of course , the student will be able to:								
CO 1	Acquire knowledge of different phases and passes of the compiler and also able to use the compiler tools like LEX, YACC, etc. Students will also be able to design different types of compiler tools to meet the requirements of the realistic constraints of compilers.	K ₃ , K ₆							
CO 2	CO 2 Understand the parser and its types i.e. Top-Down and Bottom-up parsers and construction of LL, SLR, CLR, and LALR parsing table.								
CO 3	Implement the compiler using syntax-directed translation method and get knowledge about the synthesized and inherited attributes.	K ₄ , K ₅							
CO 4	Acquire knowledge about run time data structure like symbol table organization and different techniques used in that.	K ₂ , K ₃							
CO 5	Understand the target machine's run time environment, its instruction set for code generation and techniques used for code optimization.	K ₂ , K ₄							
	DETAILED SYLLABUS	3-0-0							
Unit	Торіс	Proposed Lecture							
I	Introduction to Compiler: Phases and passes, Bootstrapping, Finite state machines and regular expressions and their applications to lexical analysis, Optimization of DFA-Based Pattern Matchers implementation of lexical analyzers, lexical-analyzer generator, LEX compiler, Formal grammars and their application to syntax analysis, BNF notation, ambiguity, YACC. The syntactic specification of programming languages: Context free grammars, derivation and parse trees, capabilities of CFG.								
Π	Basic Parsing Techniques: Parsers, Shift reduce parsing, operator precedence parsing, top down parsing, predictive parsers Automatic Construction of efficient Parsers: LR parsers, the canonical Collection of LR(0) items, constructing SLR parsing tables, constructing Canonical LR parsing tables, Constructing LALR parsing tables, using ambiguous grammars, an automatic parser								
III	Syntax-directed Translation: Syntax-directed Translation schemes, Implementation of Syntax-directed Translators, Intermediate code, postfix notation, Parse trees & syntax trees, three address code, quadruple & triples, translation of assignment statements, Boolean expressions, statements that alter the flow of control, postfix translation, translation with a top down parser. More about translation: Array references in arithmetic expressions, procedures call, declarations and case statements.	08							
IV	Symbol Tables : Data structure for symbols tables, representing scope information. Run-Time Administration: Implementation of simple stack allocation scheme, storage allocation in block structured language. Error Detection & Recovery: Lexical Phase errors, syntactic phase errors semantic errors.	08							
V	Code Generation: Design Issues, the Target Language. Addresses in the Target Code, Basic Blocks and Flow Graphs, Optimization of Basic Blocks, Code Generator. Code optimization: Machine-Independent Optimizations, Loop optimization, DAG representation of basic blocks, value numbers and algebraic laws, Global Data-Flow analysis.	08							
Text books:									
1. Aho, Sethi & Ullman, "Compilers: Principles, Techniques and Tools", Pearson Education									
2. K. Muneeswaran, Compiler Design, First Edition, Oxford University Press									
3. J.P. Bennet, "Introduction to Compiler Techniques", Second Edition, McGraw-Hill,2003.									
4. Henk Alblas and Albert Nymeyer, "Practice and Principles of Compiler Building with C", PHI, 2001.									
5. V Ra	ighvan, "Principles of Compiler Design", McGraw-Hill,								
b. Kent	neth Louden," Compiler Construction", Cengage Learning.	5. Kenneth Louden," Compiler Construction", Cengage Learning.							

7. Charles Fischer and Ricard LeBlanc," Crafting a Compiler with C", Pearson Education

	Design and Analysis of Algorithm (KCS503)						
	Course Outcome (CO)	Bloom's Knowledge Lev	el (KL)				
At the	end of course , the student will be able to:						
CO	Design new algorithms, prove them correct, and analyze their asy and memory demands.	mptotic and absolute runtime	K ₄ , K ₆				
CO	CO 2 Find an algorithm to solve the problem (create) and prove that the algorithm solves the problem correctly (validate).		K ₅ , K ₆				
CO	3 Understand the mathematical criterion for deciding whether an alg many practically important problems that do not admit any efficient	porithm is efficient, and know nt algorithms.	K ₂ , K ₅				
CO	Apply classical sorting, searching, optimization and graph algorith	ms.	K ₂ , K ₄				
CO :	5 Understand basic techniques for designing algorithms, including divide-and-conquer, and greedy.	the techniques of recursion,	K ₂ , K ₃				
	DETAILED SYLLABUS		3-1-0				
Unit	Торіс		Proposed				
			Lecture				
I	Introduction: Algorithms, Analyzing Algorithms, Complexity of Functions, Performance Measurements, Sorting and Order Statistics - Sort, Heap Sort, Comparison of Sorting Algorithms, Sorting in Linear	f Algorithms, Growth of Shell Sort, Quick Sort, Merge Time.	08				
II	Advanced Data Structures: Red-Black Trees, B – Trees, Binomial Heaps, Fibonacci Heaps, Tries, Skip List						
ш	 Divide and Conquer with Examples Such as Sorting, Matrix Mul Searching. Greedy Methods with Examples Such as Optimal Reliability Allor Spanning Trees – Prim's and Kruskal's Algorithms, Single Source S Bellman Ford Algorithms. 	tiplication, Convex Hull and cation, Knapsack, Minimum hortest Paths - Dijkstra's and	08				
IV	Dynamic Programming with Examples Such as Knapsack. All PaiandFloyd'sAlgorithms,ResourceBacktracking, Branch and Bound with ExamplesSuch as TravellinColoring, n-Queen Problem, Hamiltonian Cycles and Sum of Subsets.	r Shortest Paths – Warshal's Allocation Problem. g Salesman Problem, Graph	08				
V	Selected Topics: Algebraic Computation, Fast Fourier Transform, Str Completeness, Approximation Algorithms and Randomized Algorithm	ing Matching, Theory of NP- ns	08				
Text b	poks:						
1. Th In 2 F	nomas H. Coreman, Charles E. Leiserson and Ronald L. Rivest, "Introdu dia. Horowitz & S. Sahni, "Fundamentals of Computer Algorithms"	ction to Algorithms", Printice H	fall of				
3. Al	no, Hopcraft, Ullman, "The Design and Analysis of Computer Algorithm	s" Pearson Education, 2008.					
4. LI	EE "Design & Analysis of Algorithms (POD)",McGraw Hill						
5. Ri	chard E.Neapolitan "Foundations of Algorithms" Jones & Bartlett Learn	ing					
6. Jo 7. M Se	 Jon Kleinberg and Éva Tardos, Algorithm Design, Pearson, 2005. Michael T Goodrich and Roberto Tamassia, Algorithm Design: Foundations, Analysis, and Internet Examples, Second Edition, Wiley, 2006. 						
8. Ha 9. Ro	arry R. Lewis and Larry Denenberg, Data Structures and Their Algorithm obert Sedgewick and Kevin Wayne, Algorithms, fourth edition, Addison	ns, Harper Collins, 1997 Wesley, 2011.					
10. Ha	arsh Bhasin,"Algorithm Design and Analysis",First Edition,Oxford Univ	rersity Press.					
11. Gi	11. Gilles Brassard and Paul Bratley, Algorithmics: Theory and Practice, Prentice Hall, 1995.						

Data Analytics (KCS-051)					
	Course Outcome (CO)	Bloom's Knowledge Lev	vel (KL)		
At the e	nd of course , the student will be able to :				
CO 1	Describe the life cycle phases of Data Analytics through	discovery, planning and	K1,K2		
CO 2	Understand and apply Data Analysis Techniques.		K2, K3		
CO 3	CO 3 Implement various Data streams.		K3		
CO 4	Understand item sets, Clustering, frame works & Visualization	ons.	K2		
CO 5	Apply R tool for developing and evaluating real time application	tions.	K3,K5,K6		
	DETAILED SYLLABUS		3-0-0		
Unit	Торіс		Proposed Lecture		
I	Introduction to Data Analytics: Sources and nature of data (structured, semi-structured, unstructured), characteristics of data platform, need of data analytics, evolution of analytic scalabit tools, analysis vs reporting, modern data analytic tools, application Data Analytics Lifecycle: Need, key roles for successful analytic of data analytics lifecycle – discovery, data preparation, model communicating results, operationalization.	ata, classification of data a, introduction to Big Data ility, analytic process and ons of data analytics. ic projects, various phases planning, model building,	08		
п	Data Analysis: Regression modeling, multivariate analysis, Bayesian modeling, inference and Bayesian networks, support vector and kernel methods, analysis of time series: linear systems analysis & nonlinear dynamics, rule induction, neural networks: learning and generalisation, competitive learning, principal component analysis and neural networks, fuzzy logic: extracting fuzzy models from data, fuzzy decision trees, stochastic search				
III	methods.Mining Data Streams: Introduction to streams concepts, stream data model and architecture, stream computing, sampling data in a stream, filtering streams, counting distinct elements in a stream, estimating moments, counting oneness in a window, decaying window, Real-time Analytics Platform (RTAP) applications, Case studies – real				
IV	Frequent Itemsets and Clustering: Mining frequent itemsets, market based modelling, Apriori algorithm, handling large data sets in main memory, limited pass algorithm, counting frequent itemsets in a stream, clustering techniques: hierarchical, K-means, clustering high dimensional data, CLIQUE and ProCLUS, frequent pattern based clustering		08		
V	Frame Works and Visualization: MapReduce, Hadoop, P Sharding, NoSQL Databases, S3, Hadoop Distributed File Syst data analysis techniques, interaction techniques, systems and app Introduction to R - R graphical user interfaces, data import and types, descriptive statistics, exploratory data analysis, visua analytics for unstructured data.	ig, Hive, HBase, MapR, ems, Visualization: visual lications. l export, attribute and data alization before analysis,	08		
Text bo 1. Mic 2. Ana 3. Bill Ana 4. Joh	oks and References: hael Berthold, David J. Hand, Intelligent Data Analysis, Springer and Rajaraman and Jeffrey David Ullman, Mining of Massive Data Franks, Taming the Big Data Tidal wave: Finding Opportunities i lytics, John Wiley & Sons. n Garrett, Data Analytics for IT Networks · Developing Innovative	asets, Cambridge University in Huge Data Streams with A the Use Cases Pearson Educat	Press. Advanced		

- 5. Michael Minelli, Michelle Chambers, and Ambiga Dhiraj, "Big Data, Big Analytics: Emerging Business Intelligence and Analytic Trends for Today's Businesses", Wiley
- 6. David Dietrich, Barry Heller, Beibei Yang, "Data Science and Big Data Analytics", EMC Education Series, John Wiley
- 7. Frank J Ohlhorst, "Big Data Analytics: Turning Big Data into Big Money", Wiley and SAS Business Series
- 8. Colleen Mccue, "Data Mining and Predictive Analysis: Intelligence Gathering and Crime Analysis", Elsevier
- 9. Michael Berthold, David J. Hand," Intelligent Data Analysis", Springer
- 10. Paul Zikopoulos, Chris Eaton, Paul Zikopoulos, "Understanding Big Data: Analytics for Enterprise Class Hadoop and Streaming Data", McGraw Hill
- 11. Trevor Hastie, Robert Tibshirani, Jerome Friedman, "The Elements of Statistical Learning", Springer
- 12. Mark Gardner, "Beginning R: The Statistical Programming Language", Wrox Publication
- 13. Pete Warden, Big Data Glossary, O'Reilly
- 14. Glenn J. Myatt, Making Sense of Data, John Wiley & Sons
- 15. Pete Warden, Big Data Glossary, O'Reilly.
- 16. Peter Bühlmann, Petros Drineas, Michael Kane, Mark van der Laan, "Handbook of Big Data", CRC Press
- 17. Jiawei Han, Micheline Kamber "Data Mining Concepts and Techniques", Second Edition, Elsevier

	Web Designing (KCS-052)				
	Course Outcome (CO)Bloom's Knowledge Lev	vel (KL)			
At the e	end of course , the student will be able to:				
CO 1	Understand principle of Web page design and about types of websites	K ₃ , K ₄			
CO 2	CO 2 Visualize and Recognize the basic concept of HTML and application in web designing.				
CO 3	CO 3 Recognize and apply the elements of Creating Style Sheet (CSS).				
CO 4	Understand the basic concept of Java Script and its application.	K ₂ , K ₃			
CO 5	Introduce basics concept of Web Hosting and apply the concept of SEO	K ₂ , K ₃			
	DETAILED SYLLABUS	3-0-0			
Unit	Торіс	Proposed Lecture			
I	 Introduction : Basic principles involved in developing a web site, Planning process, Domains and Hosting, Responsive Web Designing, Types of Websites (Static and Dynamic Websites), Web Standards and W3C recommendations, Introduction to HTML: What is HTML, HTML Documents, Basic structure of an HTML document, Creating an HTML document, Mark up Tags, Heading-Paragraphs, Line Breaks 				
II	Elements of HTML: HTML Tags., Working with Text, Working with Lists, Tables and Frames, Working with Hyperlinks, Images and Multimedia, Working with Forms and controls	08			
III	Concept of CSS: Creating Style Sheet, CSS Properties, CSS Styling(Background, Text Format, Controlling Fonts), Working with block elements and objects, Working with Lists and Tables, CSS Id and Class, Box Model(Introduction, Border properties, Padding Properties, Margin properties) CSS Advanced(Grouping, Dimension, Display, Positioning, Floating, Align, Pseudo class, Navigation Bar, Image Sprites, Attribute sector), CSS Color, Creating page Layout and Site				
IV	Introduction to Client Side Scripting, Introduction to Java Script, Javascript Types, Variables in JS, Operators in JS, Conditions Statements, Java Script Loops, JS Popup Boxes, JS Events, JS Arrays, Working with Arrays, JS Objects, JS Functions, Using Java Script in Real time, Validation of Forms Related Examples				
V	Web Hosting: Web Hosting Basics , Types of Hosting Packages, Registering domains , Defining Name Servers , Using Control Panel, Creating Emails in Cpanel , Using FTP Client, Maintaining a WebsiteConcepts of SEO : Basics of SEO, Importance of SEO, Onpage Optimization Basics				
Text Books:					
1.	Steven M. Schafer, "HTML, XHTML, and CSS Bible, 5ed", Wiley India				
2.	Ian Pouncey, Richard York, "Beginning CSS: Cascading Style Sheets for Web Design", Wiley India				

	Computer Graphics (KCS-053)						
	Course Outcome (CO)	Bloom's Knowledge I	Level (KL)				
At the e	nd of course , the student will be able to:						
CO 1	Understand the graphics hardware used in field of computer graphics.		K ₂				
CO 2	Understand the concept of graphics primitives such as lines and circle based on different algorithms.						
CO 3	Apply the 2D graphics transformations, composite transformation and	Clipping concepts.	K_4				
CO 4	Apply the concepts of and techniques used in 3D computer grap transformations.	hics, including viewing	K ₂ , K ₃				
CO 5	Perform the concept of projections, curve and hidden surfaces in real li	fe.	K ₂ , K ₃				
	DETAILED SYLLABUS		3-0-0				
Unit	Торіс		Proposed Lecture				
I	Introduction and Line Generation: Types of computer graphics, Graphic Displays- Random scan displays, Raster scan displays, Frame buffer and video controller, Points and lines, Line drawing algorithms, Circle generating algorithms, Mid-point circle generating algorithm, and parallel version of these algorithms.						
	Transformations: Basic transformation, Matrix representations and homogenous coordinates, Composite transformations, Reflections and shearing.						
Π	Windowing and Clipping: Viewing pipeline, Viewing transformations, 2-D Clipping algorithms- Line clipping algorithms such as Cohen Sutherland line clipping algorithm, Liang Barsky algorithm, Line clipping against non rectangular clip windows; Polygon clipping – Sutherland Hodgeman polygon clipping, Weiler and Atherton polygon clipping, Curve clipping, Text clipping						
III	Three Dimensional: 3-D Geometric Primitives, 3-D Object representation D viewing, projections, 3-D Clipping.	, 3-D Transformation, 3-	08				
IV	Curves and Surfaces: Quadric surfaces, Spheres, Ellipsoid, Blobby object of Spline, Bspline and Bezier curves and surfaces.	ts, Introductory concepts	08				
V	Hidden Lines and Surfaces: Back Face Detection algorithm, Depth buffer method, A- buffer method, Scan line method, basic illumination models– Ambient light, Diffuse reflection, Specular reflection and Phong model, Combined approach, Warn model, Intensity Attenuation, Color consideration, Transparency and Shadows.						
Text bo	oks:						
1. Dona 2. Foley 3. Roge 4. W. M 5. Amre 6. R.K. 7. Mukh 8. Dona	d Hearn and M Pauline Baker, "Computer Graphics C Version", Pearson Educa , Vandam, Feiner, Hughes – "Computer Graphics principle", Pearson Educa rs, "Procedural Elements of Computer Graphics", McGraw Hill . Newman, R. F. Sproull – "Principles of Interactive computer Graphics" – Indra N Sinha and Arun D Udai," Computer Graphics", McGraw Hill. Maurya, "Computer Graphics " Wiley Dreamtech Publication. erjee, Fundamentals of Computer graphics & Multimedia, PHI Learning Prid d Hearn and M Pauline Baker, "Computer Graphics with Open GL", Pearson	lucation tion. McGraw Hill. vate Limited. on education					

	Object Oriented System Design (KCS-054)	
	Course Outcome (CO) Bloom's Knowledge Lev	vel (KL)
At the	e end of course , the student will be able to:	
CO	1 Understand the application development and analyze the insights of object oriented programming to implement application	K ₂ , K ₄
CO	2 Understand, analyze and apply the role of overall modeling concepts (i.e. System, structural)	K_2, K_3
CO	3 Understand, analyze and apply oops concepts (i.e. abstraction, inheritance)	$K_2, K_3 K_4$
CO	4 Understand the basic concepts of C++ to implement the object oriented concepts	K_2, K_3
CO	5 To understand the object oriented approach to implement real world problem.	K ₂ , K ₃
	DETAILED SYLLABUS	3-0-0
Unit	Торіс	Proposed Lecture
I	Introduction: The meaning of Object Orientation, object identity, Encapsulation, information hiding, polymorphism, generosity, importance of modelling, principles of modelling, object oriented modelling, Introduction to UML, conceptual model of the UML, Architecture.	08
п	 Basic Structural Modeling: Classes, Relationships, common Mechanisms, and diagrams. Class &Object Diagrams: Terms, concepts, modelling techniques for Class & Object Diagrams. Collaboration Diagrams: Terms, Concepts, depicting a message, polymorphism in collaboration Diagrams, iterated messages, use of self in messages. Sequence Diagrams: Terms, concepts, depicting asynchronous messages with/without priority, call-back mechanism, broadcast messages. Basic Behavioural Modeling: Use cases, Use case Diagrams, Activity Diagrams, State Machine, Process and thread, Event and signals, Time diagram, interaction diagram, Package diagram. Architectural Modeling: Component, Deployment, Component diagrams and Deployment diagrams. 	08
III	Object Oriented Analysis: Object oriented design, Object design, Combining three models, Designing algorithms, design optimization, Implementation of control, Adjustment of inheritance, Object representation, Physical packaging, Documenting design considerations. Structured analysis and structured design (SA/SD) , Jackson Structured Development (JSD). Mapping object oriented concepts using non-object oriented language, Translating classes into data structures, Passing arguments to methods, Implementing inheritance, associations encapsulation. Object oriented programming style: reusability, extensibility, robustness, programming in the large. Procedural v/s OOP, Object oriented language features. Abstraction and Encapsulation.	08
IV	 C++ Basics : Overview, Program structure, namespace, identifiers, variables, constants, enum, operators, typecasting, control structures C++ Functions : Simple functions, Call and Return by reference, Inline functions, Macro Vs. Inline functions, Overloading of functions, default arguments, friend functions, virtual functions 	08
V	Objects and Classes : Basics of object and class in C++, Private and public members, static data and function members, constructors and their types, destructors, operator overloading, type conversion. Inheritance : Concept of Inheritance, types of inheritance: single, multiple, multilevel, hierarchical, hybrid, protected members, overriding, virtual base class Polymorphism : Pointers in C++, Pointes and Objects, this pointer, virtual and pure virtual functions, Implementing polymorphism	08
Text E 1. 2. 3. 4. 5. 6.	Books James Rumbaugh et. al, "Object Oriented Modeling and Design", Pearson Education Grady Booch, James Rumbaugh, Ivar Jacobson, "The Unified Modeling Language User Guid Education Object Oriented Programming With C++, E Balagurusamy, McGraw Hill. C++ Programming, Black Book, Steven Holzner, dreamtech Object Oriented Programming in Turbo C++, Robert Lafore, Galgotia Object Oriented Programming with ANSI and Turbo C++, Ashok Kamthane, Pearson	le", Pearson

7. The Compete Reference C++, Herbert Schlitz, McGraw Hill.

	Machine Learning Techniques (KCS 055)		
	Course Outcome (CO) Bloom's Knowled	dge Level (KL)	
At the e	and of course , the student will be able:		
CO 1	To understand the need for machine learning for various problem solving	\mathbf{K}_1 , \mathbf{K}_2	
CO 2 To understand a wide variety of learning algorithms and how to evaluate models generated from data		K ₁ , K ₃	
CO 3	To understand the latest trends in machine learning	K_2 , K_3	
CO 4 To design appropriate machine learning algorithms and apply the algorithms to a real-world problems			
CO 5 To optimize the models learned and report on the expected accuracy that can be achieved by applying the models		$K_{4,}K_{5}$	
	DETAILED SYLLABUS	3-0-0	
Unit	Торіс	Proposed Lecture	
Ι	INTRODUCTION – Learning, Types of Learning, Well defined learning problems, Designing a Learning System, History of ML, Introduction of Machine Learning Approaches – (Artificial Neural Network, Clustering, Reinforcement Learning, Decision Tree Learning, Bayesian networks, Support Vector Machine, Genetic Algorithm), Issues in Machine Learning and Data Science Vs Machine Learning;	08	
II	REGRESSION: Linear Regression and Logistic Regression BAYESIAN LEARNING - Bayes theorem, Concept learning, Bayes Optimal Classifier, Naïve Bayes classifier, Bayesian belief networks, EM algorithm. SUPPORT VECTOR MACHINE: Introduction, Types of support vector kernel – (Linear kernel, polynomial kernel,and Gaussiankernel), Hyperplane – (Decision surface), Properties of SVM and Issues in SVM	08	
III	DECISION TREE LEARNING - Decision tree learning algorithm, Inductive bias, Inductive inference with decision trees, Entropy and information theory, Information gain, ID-3 Algorithm, Issues in Decision tree learning. INSTANCE-BASED LEARNING – k-Nearest Neighbour Learning, Locally Weighted Regression, Radial basis function networks, Case-based learning.	08	
IV	ARTIFICIAL NEURAL NETWORKS – Perceptron's, Multilayer perceptron, Gradient descent and the Delta rule, Multilayer networks, Derivation of Backpropagation Algorithm, Generalization, Unsupervised Learning – SOM Algorithm and its variant; DEEP LEARNING - Introduction, concept of convolutional neural network, Types of layers – (Convolutional Layers, Activation function, pooling, fully connected), Concept of Convolution (1D and 2D) layers, Training of network, Case study of CNN for eg on Diabetic Retinopathy, Building a smart speaker. Self-deriving car etc.	08	
v	REINFORCEMENT LEARNING –Introduction to Reinforcement Learning , Learning Task,Example of Reinforcement Learning in Practice, Learning Models for Reinforcement – (Markov Decision process, Q Learning - Q Learning function, Q Learning Algorithm), Application of Reinforcement Learning,Introduction to Deep Q Learning. GENETIC ALGORITHMS: Introduction, Components, GA cycle of reproduction, Crossover, Mutation, Genetic Programming, Models of Evolution and Learning, Applications.	08	
'ext bo	 oks: 1. Tom M. Mitchell, —Machine Learning, McGraw-Hill Education (India) Private Limited, 201 2. Ethem Alpaydin, —Introduction to Machine Learning (Adaptive Computation and Machine Learning), The MIT Press 2004. 3. Stephen Marsland, —Machine Learning: An Algorithmic Perspective, CRC Press, 2009. 4. Bishop, C., Pattern Recognition and Machine Learning. Berlin: Springer-Verlag. 	13.	

Application of Soft Computing (KCS-056)						
	Course Outcome (CO)	Bloom's Knowledge Lev	el (KL)			
At the e	At the end of course , the student will be able to :					
CO 1	Recognize the feasibility of applying a soft computing methodolog	gy for a particular problem	K ₂ , K ₄			
CO 2	Understand the concepts and techniques of soft computing and for and implementing soft computing based solutions for real-world a	ster their abilities in designing nd engineering problems.	K2,K4, K6			
CO 3	Apply neural networks to pattern classification and regression solutions by various soft computing approaches for a given proble	problems and compare m.	K ₃ , K ₅			
CO 4	Apply fuzzy logic and reasoning to handle uncertainty and solve e	ngineering problems	K ₃ , K ₄			
CO 5	Apply genetic algorithms to combinatorial optimization problems		K3, K5			
	DETAILED SYLLABUS		3-0-0			
Unit	Торіс		Proposed Lecture			
Ι	Neural Networks-I (Introduction & Architecture) : Neuron, Nerve structure and synapse, Artificial Neuron and its model, activation functions, Neural network architecture: single layer and multilayer feed forward networks, recurrent networks. Various learning techniques; perception and convergence rule. Auto-associative and hetro-associative memory					
п	Neural Networks-II (Back propagation networks): Architecture: perceptron model, solution, single layer artificial neural network, multilayer perception model; back propagation learning methods, effect of learning rule co-efficient ;back propagation algorithm, factors affecting backpropagation training applications.					
III	Fuzzy Logic-I (Introduction): Basic concepts of fuzzy logic, Fuzzy theory and operations, Properties of fuzzy sets, Fuzzy and Cris conversion.	sets and Crisp sets, Fuzzy set p relations, Fuzzy to Crisp	08			
IV	Fuzzy Logic –II (Fuzzy Membership, Rules) : Membership function fuzzy if-then rules, Fuzzy implications and Fuzzy algorithms, Fuzzyf Fuzzy Controller, Industrial applications	ns, interference in fuzzy logic, fications & Defuzzificataions,	08			
v	Genetic Algorithm(GA): Basic concepts, working principle, procedu Genetic representations, (encoding) Initialization and selection, Generational Cycle, applications.	rres of GA, flow chart of GA, Genetic operators, Mutation,	08			
Text bo	oks:					
1. S. F	1. S. Rajsekaran & G.A. Vijayalakshmi Pai, "Neural Networks, Fuzzy Logic and Genetic Algorithm: Synthesis and					
2. N. P Bool	2. N. P. Padhy, "Artificial Intelligence and Intelligent Systems" Oxford University Press. Reference Books:					
3. Sima	n Haykin, "Neural Netowrks", Pearson Education					
4. Time	othy J. Ross, "Fuzzy Logic with Engineering Applications" Wiley India					
5. Kum	ar Satish, "Neural Networks" McGraw Hill					

	Augmented & Virtual Reality (KCS	- 057)			
	Course Outcome (CO)	Bloom's Knowledge Lev	vel (KL)		
At the	end of course , the student will be able :				
CO 1	D 1 To make students know the basic concept and understand the framework of virtual reality.				
CO	CO 2 To understand principles and multidisciplinary features of virtual reality and apply it in developing applications.				
CO 3	CO 3To know the technology for multimodal user interaction and perception VR, in particular the visual, audial and haptic interface and behavior.				
CO 4	To understand and apply technology for managing large sca time.	le VR environment in real	K ₂ , K ₃		
CO S	To understand an introduction to the AR system framework software development.	ork and apply AR tools in	K ₂ , K _{3,}		
	DETAILED SYLLABUS		3-0-0		
Unit	Торіс		Proposed Lecture		
Ι	VIRTUAL REALITY AND VIRTUAL ENVIRONMENTS: The historical development of VR:Scientific landmarks Computer Graphics, Real-time computer graphics, Flight simulation, Virtual environments, Requirements for VR, benefits of Virtual reality.HARDWARE TECHNOLOGIES FOR 3D USER INTERFACES: Visual Displays Auditory Displays, Haptic Displays, Choosing Output Devices for 3D User Interfaces.				
II	3D USER INTERFACE INPUT HARDWARE: Input device characteristics, Desktop input devices, Tracking Devices, 3D Mice, Special Purpose Input Devices, Direct Human Input, Home - Brewed Input Devices, Choosing Input Devices for 3D Interfaces.				
ш	SOFTWARE TECHNOLOGIES: Database - World Space, World Coordinate, World Environment, Objects - Geometry, Position / Orientation, Hierarchy, Bounding Volume, Scripts and other attributes, VR Environment - VR Database, Tessellated Data, LODs, Cullers and Occluders, Lights and Cameras, Scripts, Interaction - Simple, Feedback, Graphical User Interface, Control Panel, 2D Controls, Hardware Controls, Room / Stage / Area Descriptions, World Authoring and Playback, VR toolkits, Available software in the market				
IV	3D INTERACTION TECHNIQUES: 3D Manipulation tasks, M. Input Devices, Interaction Techniques for 3D Manipulation, Deign C. Travel Techniques, Design Guidelines - Theoretical Foundations of Wayfinding Support, Environment Centered Wayfinding Support, H. Design Guidelines - System Control, Classification, Graphical Menus Commands, Tools, Mutimodal System Control Techniques, Design Mixing System Control Methods, Symbolic Input Tasks, symbolic Guidelines, Beyond Text and Number entry.	Ianipulation Techniques and Buidelines - 3D Travel Tasks, E Wayfinding, User Centered Evaluating Wayfinding Aids, s, Voice Commands, Gestrual gn Guidelines, Case Study: c Input Techniques, Design	08		

	DESIGNING AND DEVELOPING 3D USER INTERFACES: Strategies for Designing and Developing Guidelines and Evaluation.			
	VIRTUAL REALITY APPLICATIONS: Engineering, Architecture, Education, Medicine, Entertainment, Science, Training.			
v	Augmented and Mixed Reality, Taxonomy, technology and features of augmented reality, difference between AR and VR, Challenges with AR, AR systems and functionality, Augmented reality methods, visualization techniques for augmented reality, wireless displays in educational augmented reality applications, mobile projection interfaces, marker-less tracking for augmented reality, enhancing interactivity in AR environments, evaluating AR systems.	08		
Text bo	oks:			
1. Alan Effec	1. Alan B Craig, William R Sherman and Jeffrey D Will, "Developing Virtual Reality Applications: Foundations of Effective Design", Morgan Kaufmann, 2009.			
2. Gerard Jounghyun Kim, "Designing Virtual Systems: The Structured Approach", 2005.				
3. Doug Addi	3. Doug A Bowman, Ernest Kuijff, Joseph J LaViola, Jr and Ivan Poupyrev, "3D User Interfaces, Theory and Practice", Addison Wesley, USA, 2005.			
4. Olive	4. Oliver Bimber and Ramesh Raskar, "Spatial Augmented Reality: Meging Real and Virtual Worlds", 2005.			
5. Burde	5. Burdea, Grigore C and Philippe Coiffet, "Virtual Reality Technology", Wiley Interscience, India, 2003.			
6. John	6. John Vince, "Virtual Reality Systems", Addison Wesley, 1995.			
7. How Sime	7. Howard Rheingold, "Virtual Reality: The Revolutionary Technology and how it Promises to Transform Society", Simon and Schuster, 1991.			
8. Willi Kauf	am R Sherman and Alan B Craig, "Understanding Virtual Reality: Interface, Application and Design (" mann Series in Computer Graphics)". Morgan Kaufmann Publishers, San Francisco, CA, 2002	Гhe Morgan		
9. Alan	B. Craig, Understanding Augmented Reality, Concepts and Applications, Morgan Kaufmann, 2013.			

	Human Computer Interface (KCS-	058)			
	Course Outcome (CO)	Bloom's Knowledge Lev	vel (KL)		
At the	end of course , the student will be able to				
CO 1	Understand and analyze the common methods in the user-cente appropriateness of individual methods for a given problem.	red design process and the	K ₂ , K ₄		
CO 2	Apply, adapt and extend classic design standards, guidelines, an	d patterns.	K ₃ , K ₅		
CO 3	Employ selected design methods and evaluation methods at a base	sic level of competence.	K ₄ , K ₅		
CO 4	Build prototypes at varying levels of fidelity, from paper interactive prototypes.	prototypes to functional,	K4, K5		
CO 5	Demonstrate sufficient theory of human computer interaction, experimental methodology and inferential statistics to engage with the contemporary research literature in interface technology and design.				
	DETAILED SYLLABUS		3-0-0		
Unit	Торіс		Proposed Lecture		
Ι	Introduction: Importance of user Interface – definition, importance of 8 good design. Benefits of good design. A brief history of Screen design. The graphical user interface – popularity of graphics, the concept of direct manipulation, graphical system, Characteristics, Web user – Interface popularity, characteristics- Principles of user interface				
II	Design process: Human interaction with computers, importance of 8 consideration, Human interaction speeds, understanding business june Design goals – Scre	human characteristics human ctions. III Screen Designing :	08		
ш	Screen Designing : Design goals – Screen planning and purpose, 8 ordering of screen data and content – screen navigation and flow – Vis amount of information – focus and emphasis – presentation informatio information retrieval on web – statistical graphics – Technologica design.	organizing screen elements, sually pleasing composition – on simply and meaningfully – al consideration in interface	08		
IV	Windows : New and Navigation schemes selection of window, 8 set screen based controls. Components – text and messages, Icons and in uses problems, choosing colors	lection of devices based and creases – Multimedia, colors,	08		
V	Software tools : Specification methods, interface – Building Tools. 8 Interaction Devices – Keyboard and function keys – pointing devices – speech recognition digitization and generation – image and video displays – drivers.				
Text b	ooks:		ı		
1. Alan	Dix, Janet Finlay, Gregory Abowd, Russell Beale Human Computer Int	eraction, 3rd Edition Prentice I	Hall, 2004.		
2. Jona	than Lazar Jinjuan Heidi Feng, Harry Hochheiser, Research Methods in I	HumanComputer Interaction, V	Wiley, 2010.		
3. Ben Interact	Shneiderman and Catherine Plaisant Designing the User Interface: Stion (5th Edition, pp. 672, ISBN 0- 321-53735-1, March 2009), Reading,	Strategies for Effective Huma MA: Addison-Wesley Publish	n-Computer iing Co.		

Database Management Systems Lab (KCS-551)						
	Course Outcome (CO)	Bloom's Knowledge Lev	el (KL)			
At the end	At the end of course , the student will be able to:					
CO 1	Understand and apply oracle 11 g products for creating tables, v other database objects.	iews, indexes, sequences and	K ₂ , K ₄			
CO 2	CO 2Design and implement a database schema for company data base, banking data base, library information system, payroll processing system, student information system.K3, K5, K6					
CO 3	Write and execute simple and complex queries using DDL, DML,	DCL and TCL	K ₄ , K ₅			
CO 4 Write and execute PL/SQL blocks, procedure functions, packages and triggers, cursors.						
CO 5	Enforce entity integrity, referential integrity, key constraints, and on database.	l domain constraints	K ₃ , K ₄			
	DETAILED SYLLABUS					
 Installing Creating Writing S a)¹ b) I c)I d)^A e)O Normaliz Creating Creating Creating Creating Design a Design a Design a 11. Automa 	g oracle/ MYSQL Entity-Relationship Diagram using case tools. SQL statements Using ORACLE /MYSQL: Writing basic SQL SELECT statements. Restricting and sorting data. Displaying data from multiple tables. Aggregating data using group function. Manipulating data. Creating and managing tables. Exation cursor g procedure and functions packages and triggers and implementation of payroll processing system and implementation of Student Information System and implementation of Student Information System and implementation of Student Information System					
12. Mini pr	oject (Design & Development of Data and Application) for followin a) Inventory Control System.	ng :				
	b) Material Requirement Processing.					
	c) Hospital Management System.					
	d) Railway Reservation System.					
	e) Personal Information System.					
	f) Web Based User Identification System.					
	g) Timetable Management System.					
Note: The	h) Hotel Management System Instructor may add/delete/modify/tune experiments, wherever h	e/she feels in a justified mann	er			

It is also suggested that open source tools should be preferred to conduct the lab (MySQL , SQL server , Oracle ,MongoDB ,Cubrid ,MariaDBetc)

Database Management Systems Lab (KCS-551): Mapping with Virtual Lab

Name of the Lab	Name of the Experiment
	Data Definition Language(DDL) Statements: (Create table, Alter table, Drop table)
	Data Manipulation Language(DML) Statements
Database Management Lab (KCS-551)	Data Query Language(DQL) Statements: (Select statement with operations like Where clause, Order by, Logical operators, Scalar functions and Aggregate functions)
(((())))))	Transaction Control Language(TCL) statements: (Commit(make changes permanent), Rollback (undo)
	Describe statement: To view the structure of the table created

	Course Outcome (CO)	Bloom's Knowledge Level (KL)
At the end	of course , the student will be able to:	
CO 1	Identify patterns, tokens & regular expressions for lexical analy	. K ₂ , K ₄
CO 2	Design Lexical analyser for given language using C and LEX /	CC tools K ₃ , K ₅
CO 3	Design and analyze top down and bottom up parsers.	K ₄ , K ₅
CO 4	Generate the intermediate code	K ₄ , K ₅
CO 5	Generate machine code from the intermediate code forms	K ₃ , K ₄
	DETAILED SYLLABUS	
spaces, tal . Implement . Generate a) Pro b) Pro c) Imp d) Co . Write pro . Write pro . Write pro . Write pro . Write pro 0. Construct 1. Construct 2. Write a 3. Write a 5. Implement	bs and new lines. Intation of Lexical Analyzer using Lex Tool YACC specification for a few syntactic categories. ogram to recognize a valid arithmetic expression that uses operator +, – rogram to recognize a valid variable which starts with a letter followed by plementation of Calculator using LEX and YACC onvert the BNF rules into YACC form and write code to generate abstra ogram to find ε – closure of all states of any given NFA with ε transition ogram to convert NFA with ε transition to NFA without ε transition. ogram to convert NFA to DFA ogram to minimize any given DFA. an operator precedence parser for a given language. ogram to find Simulate First and Follow of any given grammar. ct a recursive descent parser for an expression. ct a Shift Reduce Parser for a given language. program to perform loop unrolling. program to perform constant propagation. ent Intermediate code generation for simple expressions. ent the back end of the compiler which takes the three address code and that can be assembled and run using an 8086 assembler. The target assembler	and /. any number of letters or digits. syntax tree produces the 8086 assembly language

[Design and Analysis of Algorithm Lab (H	XCS-553)	
	Course Outcome (CO)	Bloom's Knowledge Leve	el (KL)
At the end	of course , the student will be able to:		
CO 1	Implement algorithm to solve problems by iterative approach	I	K ₂ , K ₄
CO 2	Implement algorithm to solve problems by divide and conque	er approach	K ₃ , K ₅
CO 3	Implement algorithm to solve problems by Greedy algorithm	approach.	K ₄ , K ₅
CO 4	Implement algorithm to solve problems by Dynamic problems and bound approach.	ogramming, backtracking,	K ₄ , K ₅
CO 5	Implement algorithm to solve problems by branch and bound	approach.	K ₃ , K ₄
	DETAILED SYLLABUS		
 Program Renform Find Min Implementation Sort a givaried value elements ca divide and- Sort a givaried value elements ca divide and- Sort a givaried value elements ca divide and- Sort a givaried value elements ca and- conque 13.6. Implem (a) Dynam (b) Greed From a Find Min algorithm Find Min T. Write p 	for Recursive Binary & Linear Search. for Heap Sort. for Merge Sort. for Selection Sort. for Quick Sort. K Problem using Greedy Solution Fravelling Salesman Problem imum Spanning Tree using Kruskal's Algorithm ent N Queen Problem using Backtracking ven set of n integer elements using Quick Sort method and compute es of n> 5000 and record the time taken to sort. Plot a graph of th n be read from a file or can be generated using the random number g conquer method works along with its time complexity analysis: wor ven set of n integer elements using Merge Sort method and compute so of n> 5000, and record the time taken to sort. Plot a graph of th n be read from a file or can be generated using the random number g conquer method works along with its time complexity analysis: worst ven set of n integer elements using Merge Sort method and compute tes of n> 5000, and record the time taken to sort. Plot a graph of th n be read from a file or can be generated using the random numb r method works along with its time complexity analysis: worst case. nent , the 0/1 Knapsack problem using nic Programming method y method. given vertex in a weighted connected graph, find shortest paths to o nimum Cost Spanning Tree of a given undirected graph using Prim' rograms to (a) Implement All-Pairs Shortest Paths problem using Fl	e its time complexity. Run the p the time taken versus non graph generator. Demonstrate using Ja st case, average case and best case its time complexity. Run the p the time taken versus non graph er generator. Demonstrate how average case and best case.	program for a sheet. The ava how the ase. program for a sheet. The y the divide gorithm. Jnion-Find
(b) Imple	ement Travelling Sales Person problem using Dynamic programming and implement to find a subset of a given set $S = \{S1, S2,, Sn\}$ of	g. n positive integers whose SIM	Lie aqual to
18. Design a a given posi suitable mes	and implement to find a subset of a given set $S = \{S1, S2,,Sn\}$ of tive integer d. For example, if $S = \{1, 2, 5, 6, 8\}$ and $d = 9$, there are asage, if the given problem instance doesn't have a solution.	n positive integers whose SUM two solutions {1,2,6}and {1,8}	I is equal to }. Display a
19. Design backtrackin	and implement to find all Hamiltonian Cycles in a connected g principle.	undirected Graph G of n ver	tices using

Note: The Instructor may add/delete/modify/tune experiments, wherever he/she feels in a justified manner It is also suggested that open source tools should be preferred to conduct the lab (C, C++ etc)

DR. A.P.J. ABDUL KALAM TECHNICAL UNIVERSITY, UTTAR PRADESH, LUCKNOW



EVALUATION SCHEME & SYLLABUS

FOR

B. TECH. FOURTH (IV) YEAR

(COMPUTER SCIENCE AND ENGINEERING/CS)

AS PER

AICTE MODEL CURRICULUM

[Effective from the Session: 2021-22]

B.TECH

(COMPUTER SCIENCE & ENGINEERING/CS) CURRICULUM STRUCTURE

	SEMESTER- VII												
SI.	Subject	Subject	F	Perio	ds	F	Evaluat	ion Schen	ne	E Sem	nd ester	Total	Credit
110.	Codes		L	Т	Р	СТ	ТА	Total	PS	TE	PE	-	
1	KHU701/KHU702	HSMC -1 / HSMC-2	3	0	0	30	20	50		100		150	3
2	KCS07X	Departmental Elective-IV	3	0	0	30	20	50		100		150	3
3	KCS07X	Departmental Elective-V	3	0	0	30	20	50		100		150	3
4	KOE07X	Open Elective-II	3	0	0	30	20	50		100		150	3
5	KCS751A	The Department may conduct one Lab of either of the two Electives (4 or 5) based on the elective chosen for the curriculum. The Department shall on its own prepare complete list of practical for the Lab and arrange for proper setup and conduct accordingly.	0	0	2				25		25	50	1
6	KCS752	Mini Project or Internship Assessment*	0	0	2				50			50	1
7	KCS753	Project	0	0	8				150			150	4
8		MOOCs (Essential for Hons. Degree)						I					
		Total	12	0	12							850	18
	*The Mini Project	or internship (4 - 6 weeks) conducted durin	ng sun	nmer	break	after V	I semes	ter and wi	ill be as	sessed d	luring V	/II semeste	r.
		SE	EMES	TER	- VIII	[
SI.	Subject	Subject	F	Perio	ds	F	Evaluat	ion Schen	ne	E Sem	nd ester	Total	Credit
110.	Codes		L	Т	Р	СТ	TA	Total	PS	TE	PE		
1	KHU801/KHU802	HSMC-1 [#] /HSMC-2 [#]	3	0	0	30	20	50		100		150	3
2	KOE08X	Open Elective-III	3	0	0	30	20	50		100		150	3
3	KOE08X	Open Elective-IV	3	0	0	30	20	50		100		150	3
4	KCS851	Project 1	0	0	18				100		300	400	9
5		MOOCs (Essential for Hons. Degree)						•			•		
		Total	9	0	18							850	18

Departmental Elective-IV

- 1. KCS071 Artificial Intelligence
- 2. KCS072 Natural language processing
- 3. KCS073 High Performance Computing
- 4. KCS074 Cryptography and Network Security
- 5. KCS075 Design & Development of Applications
- 6. KCS076 Software Testing
- 7. KCS077 Distributed Systems

Departmental Elective-V

- 1. KCS078 Deep Learning
- 2. KCS079 Service Oriented Architecture
- 3. KCS710 Quantum Computing
- 4. KCS711 Mobile Computing
- 5. KCS712 Internet of Things
- 6. KCS713 Cloud Computing
- 7. KCS714 Blockchain Architecture Design

B.TECH. (CSE/CS)

SEVENT SEMESTER (DETAILED SYLLABUS)

	Artificial Intelligence (KCS071)				
	Course Outcome (CO)	Bloom's Knowledge Lev	vel (KL)		
	At the end of course , the student will be able to	understand			
CO 1	Understand the basics of the theory and practice of Artificial Intell	igence as a discipline and	K ₂		
01	about intelligent agents.				
CO 2	Understand search techniques and gaming theory.		K ₂ , K ₃		
CO 3 The student will learn to apply knowledge representation techniques and problem solving		K_3 , K_4			
	strategies to common AI applications.				
CO 4	Student should be aware of techniques used for classification and	clustering.	K ₂ , K ₃		
CO 5	Student should aware of basics of pattern recognition and steps re	equired for it.	K ₂ , K ₄		
	DETAILED SYLLABUS		3-0-0		
Unit	Торіс		Proposed Lecture		
I	INTRODUCTION : Introduction–Definition – Future of Artificial Intelligence – Characteristics of Intelligent Agents– Typical Intelligent Agents – Problem Solving Approach to Typical AI problems.				
II	 PROBLEM SOLVING METHODS: Problem solving Methods – Search Strategies- Uninformed – Informed – Heuristics – Local Search Algorithms and Optimization Problems – Searching with Partial Observations – Constraint Satisfaction Problems – Constraint Propagation – Backtracking Search – Game Playing – Optimal Decisions in Games – Alpha – Beta Pruning – Stochastic Games 				
111	 KNOWLEDGE REPRESENTATION: First Order Predicate Logic – Prolog Programming – Unification – Forward Chaining-Backward Chaining – Resolution – Knowledge Representation – Ontological Engineering-Categories and Objects – Events – Mental Events and Mental Objects – Reasoning Systems for Categories – Reasoning with Default Information 				
IV	SOFTWARE AGENTS: Architecture for Intelligent Agents – Agent communication – Ne Argumentation among Agents – Trust and Reputation in Multi-agent s	gotiation and Bargaining – ystems.	08		
v	APPLICATIONS: AI applications – Language Models – Information Retrieval- Inform Language Processing – Machine Translation – Speech Recognition Perception – Planning – Moving	mation Extraction – Natural on – Robot – Hardware –	08		
Text bo	oks:				
1. 2.	 S. Russell and P. Norvig, "Artificial Intelligence: A Modern Approach, Prentice Hall, Third Edition, 2009. I. Bratko, "Prolog: Programming for Artificial Intelligence", Fourth edition, Addison-Wesley Educational Publishers Inc., 2011. 				
3.	M. Tim Jones, —Artificial Intelligence: A Systems Approach(Computer Sc Inc.First Edition, 2008	ience)I, Jones and Bartlett Publi	shers,		
4. 5.	 Nils J. Nilsson, —The Quest for Artificial Intelligencel, Cambridge University Press, 2009. William F. Clocksin and Christopher S. Mellish, Programming in Prolog: Using the ISO Standardl, Fifth Edition, Springer, 2003. 				
6. 7	Gerhard Weiss, —Multi Agent Systems, Second Edition, MIT Press, 2013. David L. Poole and Alan K. Mackworth — Artificial Intelligence: Ecundations	of Computational Agenta Com	bridge		
7.	University Press, 2010.	s of Computational Agents, Cam	undge		

Curriculum & Evaluation Scheme (VII & VIII semester)

Block chain Architecture Design (KCS714)					
Course Outcome (CO) Bloom's Knowledge Lo					
	At the end of course, the student will be able to				
CO 1	Describe the basic understanding of Blockchain architecture along with its primitive.	K ₁ , K ₂			
CO 2	Explain the requirements for basic protocol along with scalability aspects.	K ₂ , K ₃			
CO 3	Design and deploy the consensus process using frontend and backend.	K ₃ , K ₄			
CO 4	Apply Blockchain techniques for different use cases like Finance, Trade/Supply and Government activities.	K4, K5			
	DETAILED SYLLABUS	3-0-0			
Unit	Торіс	Proposed Lecture			
Introduction to Blockchain: Digital Money to Distributed Ledgers, Design Primitives: Protocols, Security, Consensus, Permissions, Privacy. Blockchain Architecture and Design: Basic crypto primitives: Hash, Signature,) Hashchain to Blockchain, Basic consensus mechanisms					
II	II Consensus: Requirements for the consensus protocols, Proof of Work (PoW), Scalability aspects of Blockchain consensus protocols Permissioned Blockchains:Design goals, Consensus protocols for Permissioned Blockchains				
III	Hyperledger Fabric (A): Decomposing the consensus process, Hyperledger fabric components, Chaincode Design and Implementation Hyperledger Fabric (B): Beyond Chaincode: fabric SDK and Front End (b) Hyperledger composer tool	08			
IV	Use case 1 : Blockchain in Financial Software and Systems (FSS): (i) Settlements, (ii) KYC, (iii) Capital markets, (iv) Insurance Use case 2: Blockchain in trade/supply chain: (i) Provenance of goods, visibility, trade/supply chain finance, invoice management discounting, etc				
V	VUse case 3: Blockchain for Government: (i) Digital identity, land records and other kinds of record keeping between government entities, (ii) public distribution system social welfare systems Blockchain Cryptography, Privacy and Security on Blockchain				
Text bo 1. 2. 3. 4.	Text books: 1. Mstering Bitcoin: Unlocking Digital Cryptocurrencies, by Andreas Antonopoulos 2. Blockchain by Melanie Swa, O'Reilly 3. Hyperledger Fabric - https://www.hyperledger.org/projects/fabric 4. Zero to Blockchain - An IBM Redbooks course, by Bob Dill, David Smits - https://www.redbooks.ibm.com				

	Cloud Computing (KCS713)			
	Course Outcome (CO) Bloom's Knowledge Lev	/el (KL)		
	At the end of course , the student will be able to understand			
CO 1	Describe architecture and underlying principles of cloud computing.	K ₃		
CO 2	Explain need, types and tools of Virtualization for cloud.	K ₃ , K ₄		
CO 3	Describe Services Oriented Architecture and various types of cloud services.	K ₂ , K ₃		
CO 4	Explain Inter cloud resources management cloud storage services and their providers Assess security services and standards for cloud computing.	K ₂ , K ₄		
CO 5	Analyze advanced cloud technologies.	К ₃ , К ₆		
	DETAILED SYLLABUS	3-1-0		
Unit	Торіс	Proposed Lecture		
I	Introduction To Cloud Computing: Definition of Cloud – Evolution of Cloud Computing – Underlying Principles of Parallel and Distributed Computing – Cloud Characteristics – Elasticity in Cloud – On-demand Provisioning.	08		
II	Cloud Enabling Technologies Service Oriented Architecture: REST and Systems of Systems – Web Services – Publish, Subscribe Model – Basics of Virtualization – Types of Virtualization – Implementation Levels of Virtualization – Virtualization Structures – Tools and Mechanisms – Virtualization of CPU – Memory – I/O Devices –Virtualization Support and Disaster Recovery.	08		
111	Cloud Architecture, Services And Storage: Layered Cloud Architecture Design – NIST Cloud Computing Reference Architecture – Public, Private and Hybrid Clouds – IaaS – PaaS – SaaS – Architectural Design Challenges – Cloud Storage – Storage-as-a-Service – Advantages of Cloud Storage – Cloud Storage Providers – S3.	08		
IV	Resource Management And Security In Cloud: Inter Cloud Resource Management – Resource Provisioning and Resource Provisioning Methods – Global Exchange of Cloud Resources – Security Overview – Cloud Security Challenges – Software-as-a-Service Security – Security Governance – Virtual Machine Security – IAM – Security Standards.	08		
v	Cloud Technologies And Advancements Hadoop: MapReduce – Virtual Box — Google App Engine – Programming Environment for Google App Engine — Open Stack – Federation in the Cloud – Four Levels of Federation – Federated Services and Applications – Future of Federation.	08		
Text bo	oks:			
1. 2.	Kai Hwang, Geoffrey C. Fox, Jack G. Dongarra, "Distributed and Cloud Computing, From Parallel Processing t Internet of Things", Morgan Kaufmann Publishers, 2012. Rittinghouse, John W., and James F. Ransome, —Cloud Computing: Implementation, Management and Securit Press, 2017	to the y, CRC		
3. 4. 5.	Rajkumar Buyya, Christian Vecchiola, S. ThamaraiSelvi, —Mastering Cloud Computing, Tata Mcgraw Hill, 20 Toby Velte, Anthony Velte, Robert Elsenpeter, "Cloud Computing – A Practical Approach, Tata Mcgraw Hill, 2 George Reese, "Cloud Application Architectures: Building Applications and Infrastructure in the Cloud: Transa Systems for EC2 and Beyond (Theory in Practice), O'Reilly, 2009.	013. 2009. ctional		

Cryptography & Network Security (KCS074)				
Course Outcome (CO) Bloom's Knowledge		Level (KL)		
At the end of course , the student will be able to understand				
CO 1 Classify the symmetric encryption techniques and Illustrate various Public key cryptographic techniques.		К2,К3		
CO 2	CO 2 Understand security protocols for protecting data on networks and be able to digitally sign emails and files.		К1,К2	
CO 3	CO 3 Understand vulnerability assessments and the weakness of using passwords for authentication		K4	
CO 4	CO 4 Be able to perform simple vulnerability assessments and password audits		К3	
CO 5 Summarize the intrusion detection and its solutions to overcome the attacks.		K2		
DETAILED SYLLABUS		3-0-0		
Unit	Торіс		Proposed Lecture	
I	Introduction to security attacks, services and mechanism, Classical encryption techniques- substitution ciphers and transposition ciphers, cryptanalysis, steganography, Stream and block ciphers. Modern Block Ciphers: Block ciphers principles, Shannon's theory of confusion and diffusion, fiestal structure, Data encryption standard(DES), Strength of DES, Idea of differential cryptanalysis, block cipher modes of operations, Triple DES		08	
II	Introduction to group, field, finite field of the form GF(p), modular arithmetic, prime and relative prime numbers, Extended Euclidean Algorithm, Advanced Encryption Standard (AES) encryption and decryptionFermat's and Euler's theorem, Primarily testing, Chinese Remainder theorem, Discrete Logarithmic Problem, Principals of public key crypto systems, RSA algorithm, security of RSA		08	
111	Message Authentication Codes: Authentication requirements, authentication functions, message authentication code, hash functions, birthday attacks, security of hash functions, Secure hash algorithm (SHA) Digital Signatures: Digital Signatures, Elgamal Digital Signature Techniques, Digital signature standards (DSS), proof of digital signature algorithm,		08	
IV	Key Management and distribution: Symmetric key distribution, Diffie-H Public key distribution, X.509 Certificates, Public key Infrastructure. Auth Kerberos, Electronic mail security: pretty good privacy (PGP), S/MIME.	ellman Key Exchange, entication Applications:	08	
v	IP Security: Architecture, Authentication header, Encapsulating security security associations, key management. Introduction to Secure Socket La transaction (SET) System Security: Introductory idea of Intrusion, Intrusion related threats, firewalls	y payloads, combining ayer, Secure electronic, 1 detection, Viruses and	08	
 Text books: 1. William Stallings, "Cryptography and Network Security: Principals and Practice", Pearson Education. 2. Behrouz A. Frouzan: Cryptography and Network Security, McGraw Hill . 3. C K Shyamala, N Harini, Dr. T.R.Padmnabhan Cryptography and Security ,Wiley 4. Bruce Schiener, "Applied Cryptography". John Wiley & Sons 5. Bernard Menezes," Network Security and Cryptography", Cengage Learning. 6. AtulKahate, "Cryptography and Network Security", McGraw Hill 				

Curriculum & Evaluation Scheme (VII & VIII semester)

DR. A.P.J. ABDUL KALAM TECHNICAL UNIVERSITY UTTAR PRADESH, LUCKNOW



EVALUATION SCHEME & SYLLABUS

FOR

HUMANITIES, SCOCIAL SCIENCE AND MANAGEMENT COURSE (HSMC COURSE) &

OPEN ELECTIVES II LIST

AS PER

AICTE MODEL CURRICULUM

[Effective from the Session:2021-22]

Note:

- 1. The Student shall choose an open Elective from the list in such a manner that he/she has not studied the same course in any form during the degree programme.
- 2. * It is mandatory that for these subjects (KOE069, KOE076, KOE087, KOE097 & KOE098) only Trained Faculty (who had done the FDP for these courses) will teach the courses.

HSMC & OPEN ELECTIVES II LIST 2021-22

B.Tech. VII Semester (2021-22)

HUMANITIES, SCOCIAL SCIENCE AND MANAGEMENT COURSE (HSMC COURSE) HSMC1/HSMC2

KHU701/ KHU801	RURAL DEVELOPMENT: ADMINISTRATION AND PLANNING
KHU702/ KHU802	PROJECT MANAGEMENT & ENTREPRENEURSHIP

OPEN ELECTIVE-II

KOE071	FILTER DESIGN
KOE072	BIOECONOMICS
KOE073	MACHINE LEARNING
KOE074	RENEWABLE ENERGY RESOURCES
KOE075	OPERATIONS RESEARCH
KOE076	VISION FOR HUMANE SOCIETY
KOE077	DESIGN THINKING
KOE078	SOIL AND WATER CONSERVATION ENGINEERING
KOE079	INTRODUCTION TO WOMEN'S AND GENDER STUDIES

KHU701/ KHU801

RURAL DEVELOPMENT: ADMINISTRATION AND PLANNING

COURSE OUTCOME: After completion of the course student will be able to:

- 1. Students can understand the definitions, concepts and components of Rural Development
- 2. Students will know the importance, structure, significance, resources of Indian rural economy.
- 3. Students will have a clear idea about the area development programmes and its impact.
- 4. Students will be able to acquire knowledge about rural entrepreneurship.
- 5. Students will be able to understand about the using of different methods for human resource planning

Unit	Topics	Lectures
Ι	Rural Planning & Development: Concepts of Rural Development, Basic elements of rural Development, and Importance of Rural Development for creation of Sustainable Livelihoods, An overview of Policies and Programmes for Rural Development- Programmes in the agricultural sector, Programmes in the Social Security, Programmes in area of Social Sector.	
II	Rural Development Programmes: Sriniketan experiment, Gurgaon experiment, marthandam experiment, Baroda experiment, Firkha development scheme, Etawa pilot project, Nilokheri experiment, approaches to rural community development: Tagore, Gandhi etc	8
III	Panchayati Raj & Rural Administration: Administrative Structure: bureaucracy, structure of administration; Panchayati Raj Institutions Emergence and Growth of Panchayati Raj Institutions in India; People and Panchayati Raj; Financial Organizations in Panchayati Raj Institutions, Structure of rural finance, Government & Non-Government Organizations / Community Based Organizations, Concept of Self help group.	8
IV	Human Resource Development in Rural Sector: Need for Human Resource Development, Elements of Human Resource Development in Rural Sector Dimensions of HRD for rural development-Health, Education, Energy, Skill Development, Training, Nutritional Status access to basic amenities - Population composition.	8
V	Rural Industrialization and Entrepreneurship: Concept of Rural Industrialization, Gandhian approach to Rural Industrialization, Appropriate Technology for Rural Industries, Entrepreneurship and Rural Industrialization-Problems and diagnosis of Rural Entrepreneurship in India, with special reference to Women Entrepreneurship; Development of Small Entrepreneurs in India, need for and scope of entrepreneurship in Rural area.	8

Text Book:

- 1. Corporate Social Responsibility: An Ethical Approach Mark S. Schwartz
- 2. Katar Singh: Rural Development in India Theory History and Policy
- 3. TodaroM.P. Economic Development in III World war
- 4. Arora R.C Integrated Rural Development in India
- 5. Dhandekar V.M and Rath N poverty in India
- 6. A.N.Agarwal and KundanaLal: Rural Economy of India
- 7. B.K.Prasad: Rural Development-Sarup& Son's Publications.

KOE074**RENEWABLE ENERGY RESOURCES3L:0T:0P3 Credits**

Unit	Topics	Lectures
Ι	Introduction: Various non-conventional energy resources- Introduction,	8
	availability, classification, relative merits and demerits. Solar Cells:	
	Theory of solar cells. Solar cell materials, solar cell array, solar cell	
	power plant, limitations.	
II	Solar Thermal Energy: Solar radiation, flat plate collectors and their	8
	materials, applications and performance, focussing of collectors and	
	their materials, applications and performance; solar thermal power	
TIT	plants, thermal energystorage for solar heating and cooling, limitations.	0
111	of geo, thermal energy conversion electrical conversion non electrical	8
	conversion environmental considerations Magneto-hydrodynamics	
	(MHD): Principle of working of MHD Power plant performance	
	and limitations. Cells: Principle of working of various types of	
	fuel cells and their working,	
	performance and limitations.	
IV	Thermo-electrical and thermionic Conversions: Principle of working,	8
	performance and limitations. Wind Energy: Wind power and its	
	sources, site selection, criterion, momentum theory, classification of	
	rotors, concentrations and augments, wind characteristics.	
	Performance and limitations of energy conversion systems.	
V	Bio-mass: Availability of bio-mass and its conversion theory. Ocean	8
	Thermal Energy Conversion (OTEC): Availability, theory and working	
	principle, performance and limitations. Wave and Iidal Wave:	
	Principle of working, performance and limitations. Waste Recycling	
	Plants.	Í

Text Book:

- 1. Raja etal, "Introduction to Non-Conventional Energy Resources" Scitech Publications.
- 2. John Twideu and Tony Weir, "Renewal Energy Resources" BSP Publications, 2006.
- 3. M.V.R. Koteswara Rao, "Energy Resources: Conventional & Non-Conventional" BSP Publications, 2006.
- 4. D.S. Chauhan,"Non-conventional Energy Resources" New Age International.
- 5. C.S. Solanki, "Renewal Energy Technologies: A Practical Guide for Beginners" PHI Learning.
- 6. Peter Auer, "Advances in Energy System and Technology". Vol. 1 & II Edited by Academic Press.
- 7. Godfrey Boyle," Renewable Energy Power For A Sustainable Future", Oxford University Press.